

THE NEW LAW OF INFERENCE AND RUMOR--

Warren K. Billings was familiar with plots and plans of this group of his most intimate associates, and this being so, it was an almost irresistible conclusion that if Warren K. Billings did not himself prepare and plant the deadly bomb . . . he and his intimate associates and co-defendant Mooney knew and have always known who did. --(Decision of supreme Court of California in the case of Warren K. Billings.) Thus the life and liberty of a citizen becomes subject to inference and rumors for which there is not a scrap of evidence.

One Union: One Label

One Enemy



Industrial Worker

AN INJURY TO ONE IS AN INJURY TO ALL

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BILLINGS PARDON TURNED DOWN

LEWIS AND HOWAT FIGHT IT OUT IN ILLINOIS MINES

Struggle For Control Goes On Between Rival Factions With Wavering Fortunes Reported By Supporters.

ROYALTON, Ill., July 5.—The Lewis faction of the United Mine Workers are reported to have made two unsuccessful attempts to close down Mine No. 7 of the Franklin County Coal Co. because the men refused to adhere to Lewis in the present struggle. The Howat forces claim that 300 miners are at work and lined up with the re-organized U. M. W. of A. The Illinois Mine says:

Departing of 50 miners to block the Lewis clique's picketing gesture and an ultimatum of state officials that they would not stand for a repetition of the "Good Friday riot," promised a return of peace to the population of this coal mining town. Orville Tinsley, Lewis follower, was arrested when he paraded near the mine head. He was charged with using "bad and abusive language." James Pritchard, Franklin county sheriff, was told that the Lewis faction was brandishing a revolver.

The Royalty group is a "thorn in the side" of Lewis and his provisional officers. Lewis and his followers boast that Franklin county is 100 per cent for the Lewis program. Royalty, in Franklin county, have pledged support to the re-organized United Mine Workers.

In April, a parade of Lewis followers from Zeigler and West Frankfort, led by Ray Edmondson of Zeigler, started a riot when they attempted to break up a meeting of union miners arranged to hear Alexander Howat and Adolph Gormer. In an exchange of shots between John Hicks, the town's lone constable, and the Lewis bunch one man was killed and several others injured. Despite the riot, the meeting went ahead as scheduled.

Charges against the leaders of the riot are soon to be heard in Franklin County Circuit Court.

UTAH MINES MAKE SECOND CUT OF 25 CENTS

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July 3.—Operators of Utah mines have posted a wage reduction of 25 cents, effective July 10. The cut will affect only miners receiving more than \$1 a day, and is the second made by the underground companies. The Utah Copper company underground miners will be included in the reduction.

WALLACE MINES ARE CLOSED DOWN

Claim That Low Prices Force Suspension Until Market Picks Up.

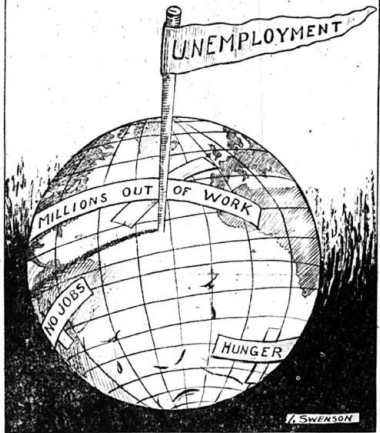
WALLACE, Ida., July 4.—Announcement was made yesterday by officials of the Gold Hunter mine, that their mine at Mulhan, the fourth largest lead-silver-copper producer in the district, will be closed July 7 until metal prices improve. While some of the largest producers have been closed, development work on most properties is being continued.

The mines shut down, in addition to the Gold Hunter, are the Sidney, Constitution, Jack Waite, Golconda, Sherman, Tamarack and Star.

WHY BRITISH WORKERS ARE OUT OF WORK

LONDON.—Speaking at a meeting of the miners, Mr. Thomas said that of a world production of 6,000,000 motor-cars last year only 211,000 were made in Britain, while America produced 5,000,000.

The Universal Signal of Distress



SIX TO ONE DECISION BY SUPREME COURT IN BILLINGS CASE MEANS DENIAL OF PARDON TO TOM MOONEY

Court Goes Out of Way To Deny "Frame Up" Although the Trial Judge, the Jurors, and the Entire World Admits the Truth of Incontrovertible Documentary Evidence That a Frame Up Took Place.

SACRAMENTO, Calif., July 14th.—By a vote of six to one, the Supreme Court of California today turned down the application of Warren K. Billings for pardon. Billings is under life sentence for the trial judge in the Mooney case and who sentenced Mooney to death. Subsequently learned the facts in the case and in an address to 2,000 citizens in San Francisco on February 25, 1929, said:

RESENT THE FACT THAT MY COURT WAS USED FOR SUCH A CONTEMPTIBLE PIECE OF WORK."

Inasmuch as Governor Young has repeatedly asserted that the two cases should be considered as one, it is assumed that Mooney's pardon will not be granted by him since this adverse ruling in Billings case.

On this Fourth of July, 1930, the 154th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence of the United States, the most memorable date affecting human rights in American history was rendered by the Supreme Court of the State of California. It is remarkable in that it establishes as a legal precedent and principle that a court can go outside the evidence and result its own prejudices as well as public rumor and "inferences" which we (the court) think are fairly defensible therefrom as to the actual or probable guilt of a falsely convicted man, deny him legal redress for a most flagrant and illegal wrong, involving his life and liberty.

It is complete reversal of the principles of the Declaration of Independence which was an expression of revolt against the very wrongs proven in the Billings and Mooney case by incontrovertible evidence.

After outlining in a lengthy decision the salient points of the Billings case, Justices Waste, Seawell, Richards and Curtis concluded their statement by saying:

"From the foregoing consideration and from inferences which we think are fairly deductible therefrom as to the actual or probable guilt of this applicant we are unable to recommend to your excellency a consideration of the application of Warren K. Billings for pardon."

The gist of the court's feeling on the case is seen in the following:

"It is fairly inferable from his past and present affiliations that Warren K. Billings was familiar with plots and plans of this group of his most intimate associates and this being so it was an almost irresistible conclusion that if Warren K. Billings did not himself prepare and plant the deadly time bomb of the Preparedness Day disaster, he and his intimate associates and co-defendant Mooney knew and have always known who did."

That tragedy, known by who did prepare and plant that bomb and the deadly purpose for which it was prepared and planted.

No Hint Given

"Yet, there has never come from the lips of either of these defendants," the court continued, "nor from out of the inner circle of their associates the slightest tangible hint or aid to the public officials as to anyone else which might lead to a discovery of the real perpetrators of this revolting crime, if these two defendants were not the guilty ones."

"Nor has there ever come to public notice during all these years which have elapsed since the commission of the Preparedness Day crime the slightest clue or trace which might serve to point public official inquiry to any persons or group of persons other than these defendants and their associates who might reasonably be suspected or charged with the disposition to conceive or commit such a crime."

The Court went out of its way to give a clean bill of health to certain officials who in 1916 and 1917 co-operated with might and main to protect a detective in what the trial judge in the Mooney case as well as an overwhelming mass of unassailable documentary evidence denounces as "one of the dirtiest jobs ever put over." In the face of the evidence, the court ruled:

"Upon the entire record before us we acquit the officials of San Francisco and the court stated, 'who were charged with

the duty of discovering and bringing to trial and conviction the authors of this dastardly crime."

THE "LAW" AND THE PROVEN FACTS

Compare Them With the Supreme Court's Decision That There Was No Evidence of a "Frame Up."

A photograph showing Tom Mooney with his wife on top of the Elmer building a mile and a quarter from the scene of the explosion clearly revealing the time of day, 2:30 P. M., five minutes before the explosion occurred, was discovered by the prosecution and held by District Attorney Fickert.

The defense was denied the original films in the first trial, being furnished blurred copies of the pictures by the prosecution in which the time could not be seen.

This photograph and seven others, all showing the Mooneys on the roof of this building, and the further fact that more than 30 witnesses testified to seeing the Mooneys on the roof of this building, unquestionably proves Tom Mooney's innocence.

If there was no frame-up, why did the officials withhold this all-important evidence?

President Wilson's Mediation Commission which consisted of William B. Wilson, Secretary of Labor, Felix Frankfurter, former professor of Law in Harvard University, and others equally prominent in public life, reported as follows to President Wilson, after investigating the case at his request:

"The utilities against which Mooney directed his agitation or who suspected him of mischievous activities undoubtedly sought to 'get' Mooney. Their activities against him were directed by Swanson, private detective. It was Swanson who had engineered the investigation which resulted in Mooney's prosecution. It was Swanson who was active in the attempt to implicate Mooney in the dynamiting of electric towers in 1916, attempts which failed, it appears, because Billings and Weinberg refused offers of a 'reward' by Swanson to implicate Mooney. Shortly thereafter the preparedness parade explosion occurs. Immediately Swanson takes leading part, acting for the district attorney and the police in the investigation of the crime. Within four days, under Swanson's leadership, the arrest of Mooney, and the others is made."

"An attitude of narrowness was stimulated by all the acts of modern journalism. It is not surprising, then, that Billings and Mooney were tried in an impregnable atmosphere of guilt."

Upon this report President Wilson asked the then governor of California to commute the death sentence of Mooney "until he can be tried upon one of the other indictments against him." The other indictments would have been tried in the face of the new evidence of the frame-up and

(Continued on page 3)

INJUNCTION VS. JOHN L. LEWIS IS CONTINUED

Company Unionist Leader Will Not Be Permitted to Take Over Property and Cash of District 12.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 25.—The appellate court of the Northern Illinois District today decided to continue the injunction against John L. Lewis of the U. M. W. of A. which prevents his interference with the property of this union now in control of the newly elected officials of the Reorganized Faction of the U. M. W. of A. The court decided that continuation of the injunction was necessary until it could decide whether Lewis had a legal right to arbitrarily stop the newly elected officers and substitute his "provisional officers."

This decision sustains the order originally issued in restraint of Lewis' action but does not concern itself with the contention that Lewis ceased to hold official position in the International with the expiration of constitution of the organization by limitation on March 31, 1930. The judges expressed the opinion that Lewis order cutting the new officials was merely a subterfuge to get rid of the officers elected by the Howat faction without trial or charges being heard before the district constituted District Executive Board.

The court emphasized the importance of protecting the property of the District which includes an office building in the city of Springfield besides a loan of \$50,000 to the International, besides various claims against the International and deposits in various banks. The contracts now in effect with operators were also involved.

Wall Street had another slump: It seems it's getting grumpier. It's like a cat that's gone too far. It's old age makes it bumpy.

Natives Replacing Filipinos

JOB SHARKS WAR OVER FEES ON JOB OF LETTUCE PICKING WHICH PAYS WAGES OF THIRTY CENTS PER HOUR

Scene of Recent Anti-Filipino Riots Is Now Being Mobbed By Hungry Natives Who Scramble and Riot For Chance To Pick Lettuce At Price Practically the Same As Paid to Filipinos and Which Caused Grievance of Mob Terror Against Aliens

By RECIDIVUS.

SEATTLE, July 1.—The lettuce pickers of the neighborhood of Kent, Washington, and vicinity on May 8th pulled off a mob attack on the Filipino workers whom they alleged had taken their jobs. The home-guards asserted that they formerly got sixty cents an hour for the work the Filipinos were doing for twenty-five cents an hour.

Now the Frye Packing Plant is paying thirty cents an hour for lettuce picking in the same belt of vegetable raising and the native workers are falling over one another in the mad rush to grab the work. The Filipinos have disappeared from the scene. But the sixty cents an hour is not in evidence. It is thirty cents an hour. And on top of it all the employment sharks are engaging in a war over the fees.

We have all heard of price wars in the sale of many commodities but it is a new one on the writer of this to witness an honest to goodness price war between employment sharks. As, more than a general rule employment sharks stick close as brothers where the fleeing of slaves are concerned. There is a community of interest. If they haven't had a written agreement not to undersell each other on jobs to the slaves they certainly have had a mutual understanding and common sense to grow. But things are beginning to change. We see it here on the "Flats."

When we arrived on prosperity row this A. M. (July 1st), we found it in a state of excitement and commotion. Being as curious as the next we inquired into the cause and this is what we found: That lettuce pickers were much in demand. A few employment den, located in the basement of Our Louie (Our House) notorious for its unfriendliness to organized loggers had a call for forty pickers: "Long job, until Sept. Wages, 30c an hour. Bring blank checks. Office fee, 50c." The Frye packing concern sent its truck to haul away the milling ones who responded for in excess of that den's call. More anxious than the others, lost his blankets in the rush for the truck.

We go across the street and we find "Coffee An" John advertising for the same job but he is charging a dollar office fee and gets it. A few doors north from "John's" if Banley's notorious drive. His place always gets first call for scale on all strikes. This time we find him scaling on both "John" and OUR LOUIE. He wasn't charging any fee. The Frye employee must office fee is also shipping lettuce pickers

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CHRYSLER CUTS SALARIES

DETROIT, Mich., July 3.—A 10 per cent reduction in pay of all salaried employees was announced today by the Chrysler Corporation.

The statement announcing the reduction said that the action "is consistent with a retrenchment policy which the current depression in business demands." "Labor," the statement continued, "has already contributed substantially through reduced working hours, and it was felt to be only fair that salaried employees should also bear some of the burden. The reduction applies to all salaried employees—uniformly from Mr. Chrysler (Walter P. Chrysler) down."

6 HOUR DAY FAVORED BY MONTANA A. F. OF L.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., July 1.—The Montana State Federation of Labor is holding its 33rd annual convention here in Great Falls. The delegates have passed a number of resolutions, one of which may be worthy of mention. This is Resolution No. 2. It reads as follows:

We recommend that action be taken as soon as possible towards the inauguration of a five day week. We also recommend that the officers of the Montana Federation collect all data obtainable on the six hour day and submit the same to affiliated unions.

New fellow workers, the above paragraph does not mean much, but it seems rather strange to think that many years ago when the I. W. W. was preaching for a six hour day—as they still are—the craft unions put up the cry radicalism—against a shorter work day, and so on. Well anyway, there are hopes. The light does penetrate their ivory domes. Let us hope that action will be much speedier than it has been heretofore.

—X12244.

INDUSTRY MORE DEADLY THAN A BATTLE FIELD

36,830 Casualties Last Year In Oregon Industrial Operations Of Which 182 Were Killed and 36,648 Maimed Or Injured.

SALEM, June 23.—An army of 36,830 workmen was killed, maimed or injured while employed in Oregon industries during the fiscal year 1929-1930, the state industrial accident commission announced today in its final tabulation of claims filed.

Between a quarter and half-million workers have been killed or injured since the workmen's compensation law went into effect July 1, 1914, the commission reported. A total of 389,836 was injured and 2,292 killed.

During the fiscal year ending this month, 36,648 persons were injured and 182 were killed, a decrease from the previous year when 41,795 were injured and 200 killed, the largest number of fatalities and injuries in the history of the state for any one year.

August 1928 Deaths
For the first five months of the calendar year 1930 there have been reported 13,377 accidents, of which 1,000 were fatal, compared with 15,327, of which 64 were fatal, for the same month in 1929.

The greatest number of accidents reported for any one month was in August, 1928, when there were reported 4,425 accidents, of which 28 were fatal. The twenty-eight fatalities were also reported during July, 1929. The exact number of fatalities in any one month was in January, 1929.

On May 31, 1930, 648 injured workmen were drawing monthly payments for temporary total disability and 1,175 claims in process of adjustment were awaiting classification information.

Only one claim in every 48 filed has been denied by the commission since the beginning of the act, the records showed.

There was an average of 126 claims filed for each working day during the first 30 days of June, 1930, compared with an average of 151 each working day for a like period in 1929. It was reported.

Awards have been made to 215 workmen whose injuries resulted in permanent total disability entitling them to \$200 pensions. Up to May 31, 1930, awards have been made on permanent partial disability to 1,600 workmen whose injuries entitle them to \$100 pensions, a third or greater, when the maximum award for loss of an arm.

At least 62 per cent of all accidents are in the logging industry.

NATIVES REPLACE FILIPINOS

(Continued from Page 1)

for Fry's. And, by the way, some slaves were highly elated when they learned Fry's was to do the feeding. They had visions of Thomas, Sticks and porters and other choice cuts of meat for meals. Joyful anticipation after months of living on bug and dog and stew, coffee and the "fats" famous hampers.

But what disappointment awaits them! We are not expecting in the least when we say that Fry feeds his slaves food utterly unwholesome. If you slaves should stick out your job on the swill served, you will be entitled to a medal for long-suffering endurance.

Shut your scientific heads, you proud "white men" and Nordic blondes about the Japs, Filipinos and Mexicans, "taking our jobs." On the American ship, the ship which this A. M. there was not one of the three nationalities mentioned above. You scrambled, begged, pleaded, fussed and fought each other for a job that pays \$20 per hour; that carries with it the privilege of attacking a "white man" now in a civil war.

Had the majority been married men with families to support, excuses might be offered for the action of the slaves. But such was not the case. Most of those who responded to the sharks' call were young hunky men with no ties whatever.

BOOK REVIEW

MY MOTHER INDIAN. By John S. Sauer, M. A. Ph. D. Western Publishing Company, Los Angeles, California. \$2.50.

This book, which was "written at the request of the Pacific Coast Klu Klux Klan Society, commonly known as the KKK Temple, at Stockton, California," makes no pretense of being an economic study, though the author is well informed on these lines. It was originally meant to be an answer to Katherine Mayo's diatribe against India, but the writer of it wisely determined to make his answer to that attack incidental rather than principal in his writing. He has sought rather to produce "a handbook on India for general use by the American public." As such it is a very readable and worthwhile presentation of the case for India, and sets forth vividly and not without some abuses which India suffers under foreign domination, together with the rise of the struggle toward nationalism there, and the progress of the present program of non-violent resistance as preached and practiced by Mahatma Gandhi. Dr. Sauer is himself committed to no ideology with respect to the present conflict between Indian nationalism and British imperialism, but writes fairly and openly his impressions of those matters which are most likely to affect the American mind. It is a book which ought to have a wide reading.—Robert Whitaker.

LUMBER OUTPUT DROPS IN N. W.

SEATTLE, June 26.—A total of 344 mills reporting to the West Coast Lumbermen's Association produced approximately 168,000,000 feet of lumber during the week ending June 21, which represents a decrease of 4,000,000 feet when compared with the production reported by 342 mills for the previous week. Production reported by the 344 mills for the week ending June 21 was 22,000,000 feet less than the output reported by 303 mills for the week ending May 24. The 244 reporting mills operated at 56.2 per cent of their capacity last week.

Production of 124 identical mills, for which the association has weekly records of production, orders and shipments, totaled 144,286,000 feet for the week ending June 21, orders were 133,904,647 feet and shipments 144,286,000 feet. Production at these mills declined more than 3,500,000 feet from the previous week; orders decreased over 18,000,000 feet.

Orders reported by 182 identical mills were 12,75 per cent below the average of those same mills during the first twenty-five weeks of 1929. Inventories of 115 mills are 6.7 per cent above their stocks at the first of the year.

LANDLORD TAKES LAND AND LABOR OF COLO. FARMER

Rock Rent the Tenant Into Debt and Then Takes Over the Farm and Equipment Under Mortgage.

WESTCLIFF, Colo., July 7.—Conditions in Custer County are the rottenest I've witnessed. Here is the way the landlords take the land and labor of the farmer.

The landlord buys the new machinery and farms the land with cheap labor for a year or two. He figures out what his expenditure is. He rents the land to a farmer of seascableness for just a little less than his expenses. The farmer, who has a few years of hard work and long hours, he walks off the place as much as \$4,000 in debt to the landlord.

At least 62 per cent of all accidents are in the logging industry. The result is when the farmer has no money, he is stopped he walks off the job in debt, looking for another master. The young ones are \$2,000 in the haying season, not including board. In many cases Mr. Parise hires a man that is a lesser for half a year, which is about 7 hours. One dollar is what he pays for that 7 hours work. Plainly they are a bunch of one hundred percent scoundrels. When you talk industrial unionism to them they agree that they are right but are too cowardly and too submissive to join the I. W. W. and rebel against them. They are too cowardly to remedy to avoid such conditions and to do away with this misery, want and hunger, is to organize industrial unionism. I. W. W. dump the master off our back and take what we produce.

M. K.

OPEN FORUM IN SAN FRANCISCO

"Proletarian vs. Master Class Method of Education" is the subject to be discussed at our small open forum to be held at 84 Embarcadero, San Francisco, Sunday, July 14th, at 2:00 P. M., Comrade C. M. O'Brien of the Proletarian Party will be the speaker.

Comrade O'Brien has had a considerable experience both in this country and Canada as a speaker and teacher; he is well qualified to handle this highly important topic. With the development of capitalism, came the proletariat; with the proletariat, came a new method of reasoning. A working class logic. An understanding of the working class logic is an essential to the proletariat. It is only by an understanding of the understanding that the understanding. Get that! If you understand understanding, can't fail to understand.

C. M. O'Brien is a brilliant and delightful teacher, an orator in the true and highly instructive. No member of the working class around San Francisco can possibly afford to miss this opportunity to hear a working class understanding of understanding. A scientific method of reasoning which has evolved with the proletariat.

Come! All workers welcome. Questions and discussion. An admission to the best lunch in town.

"Always something doing at 84."

NEW SEATTLE SECRETARY

Frank C. Harmon has succeeded Harry J. Clark as secretary of the Seattle Joint Branches. Upon an unanimous vote of the term of office. All communications for the Seattle Joint Branches should be addressed to the new secretary, Frank C. Harmon, Box 365, Seattle, Wash.

The Georgia Trials

A Southern Worker Gives His Views of the Inopportune Demonstration Without an Adequate Preparatory Organization Campaign Which Resulted in Useless Martyrdom.

By a NORTH CAROLINA WORKER.

The dark ages are supposed to be past, witches are no longer burned at Salem. Today it is not supposed to be a crime to agitate and strike, if necessary, to gain more wages and better job conditions. But that is only on paper.

The "dark ages" is incorrectly ascribed to a given period in history, when as a matter of fact the "Age" sign its birth when man put up the first "Private Property—Keep Off" sign and the "age" is with us to this hour. Witches are no longer burned on slow burning gallows fires but men are still burned in electric chairs, for crime whatever.

We have now in mind the case of six young workers who are in imminent danger of legal assassination in the prison at Atlanta, Georgia. The charge is "inciting to riot" and the prosecutor has publicly announced that he will demand the death penalty.

Let us see what lies behind it all. The criminal minds of the textile barons are plain to be seen. They are doing what matters have always done when profits have been threatened, using "Roman Might" to crush the workers in Georgia. It is idle, it is fallacious, to expect them to do otherwise.

The "W" staged a protest meeting without organized power behind it, knowing full well that they were trifling with the lives and liberties of their race and members, while they, the leaders, kept safely in the rear. There was no adequate organization campaign. The "Party" manipulated a rank and grandstand play for other purpose than publicity. Their whole procedure was foolish in the extreme.

The highly ordered propaganda of the South's unit of affairs that actually led to the fatalistic South. The "W" and its inopportunities are directly responsible for the plight of the six young men now awaiting the probable death in the electric chair.

They misled them into thinking that the exploited textile workers and the poor farmers of the South could be aroused at this time to enlist in a revolutionary cause. The meeting staged was a bait to catch the negroes' attention and enlist their support with the poor whites, who they lynch in Georgia. A fine combination, sending workers into a state to organize a protest meeting where a governor was run out of the state for slaying an inveterate white.

The workers of Georgia, little more than small farmers. Their thoughts are of tenant farmers, or poor farmers, who think in terms of land, cotton, negroes and mules. They want land but they also want their divine right to exploit "Niggers" let alone, just as much as the mules and mules.

When these six workers are brought to trial the prosecutor's card will be religious and race prejudice, race equality. Anyone with a grain of common sense knows that it will be many years before the feudalistic mind of the southern farmer and worker will change. They know and still will shock troops without adequate support into a losing battle are race traitors to the labor movement.

The "Atlanta Constitution" has the largest daily will help the I. L. I. to make martyrs. We can see what headlines it will have in its columns. "Communists lead to Mary Four daughters to Niggers." They want to take the Poor Farmers' Farm Away." They want to take the Poor Farmers' Farm Away."

It is never given Money also others in person are in Atlanta. The President's commission openly charge a frame-up. They were experts. They charge collusion of District Attorney Fickert with the Hatcher family in the frame-up.

The presence of the chief witness, Oxman, at Woodland, 90 miles from San Francisco, at the very moment of the explosion, is proven by his signature on the hotel record and by the testimony of the Hatcher family. He stayed. He testified to having been present at the explosion and identified Money and Billings. Furthermore, a letter of F. C. Rigall, in the handwriting of Oxman, soliciting his support of Oxman's perjured testimony is admitted by all to be genuine. It caused the trial judge, Griffin, to denounce the frame-up and repudiate the trial and conviction.

That the captain of police and captain of detectives were both imposed upon by the procurer parties is admitted by them in their own testimony. The evidence of Oxman and McDonald as "victims of misguided policy" and "duped by questionable motives" and unflinching perjuries. They petitioned for their victims. At the same time they doubtless be exculpated but the district attorney's office was undoubtedly in on the act.

The most astounding part of the six to one decision is that it ignores all this indisputable evidence and turns to rumor and prejudice as the foundation for its opinion. It is fairly inferable from his past and present affiliations that Warren K. Billings was familiar with plots and plans of this group of his associates and THIS BEING SO, it was an almost irresistible conclusion that if Warren K. Billings did not himself prepare and plan the deadly conspiracy to murder the auto and co-defendant Money knew and have already known who did.

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STALIN OVERCOMES RIGHT OPPOSITION

MOSCOW, July 1.—The official report of the proceedings of the National Congress of the Communist Party indicated that Josef Stalin had triumphed over the right conservative opposition to his policies. The continuation of the program of industrialization outlined in the Five Year Program will now receive the support of the party. This includes the industrialization of the farm subject to the milder provisions of the March decisions which exempted live stock owned by peasants from the drastic socialization program. Other measures will continue unabated and the program will be pushed with renewed energy.

BRITAIN DUMPS UNEMPLOYED IN THE PROVINCES

Migration To Canada Encouraged By Low Price Of The Overseas Settlement Committee While Canada Puts Up Barriers.

LONDON, July 1.—The report for 1929 of the Overseas Settlement Committee has been published. It is signed by Mr. William, Mr. P. Under-Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs, as Chairman.

During the year the total outward movement of population from Great Britain and Northern Ireland to non-European countries was 143,686, as against 136,834 in 1928. The balance, after deducting immigration, was 87,489 in 1929, as compared with 77,729 in 1928. Migration to other parts of the Empire amounted to 106,200, as against 104,982 in 1928, the balance outward being 62,552 and 62,812 respectively.

The numbers assisted under the Empire Settlement Act increased from 47,858 in 1928 to 72,213 last year. There was a decrease in migration to Australia and to New Zealand, but a substantial increase in Canada. Last year fewer than 65,658 British migrants went to Canada, as compared with 46,709 in 1928, a gain of 43 per cent. The introduction of the 210 ocean liner, plus the effect of the restriction imposed by Canadian Government in 1928, led to a (to be maintained in still more drastic form this year) on immigration from Central and Southern European countries, resulted in a remarkable change in the proportion of British to foreign immigration to Canada.

RUMFORD, Me., June 22.—George Gammon of Peru, aged 55, was found hanging from a tree in the woods near the Alex McPherson farm this morning at 8 o'clock. He had been working in Boston for the last 15 years and Friday morning returned from Boston on the morning train to his home town of Peru. He stopped at the station and wrote a long letter to his cousin, Stewart Gammon, explaining that the pace of work was too hard for him.

He mailed the letter to Stewart Gammon, who received the letter morning station also that he was ending his life and the place that they could find him.

METHUEN MAN FOUND HANGING FROM A TREE

ROCHESTER, Mass., June 15.—Edwin A. Knapp, 65, former janitor of the Telephone-Gazette building in Franklin street, was found dead this afternoon in his room in Hotel Worthy on Pleasant street, a victim of poison.

He had recently been trying to sell insurance. Despondency is believed to be responsible for the suicide.

FALL RIVER MAN ANOTHER VICTIM

FALL RIVER, June 17.—John Maloney, 53, 108 Hanlet street, who had left his home to seek employment today, collapsed while passing in front of St. Anne's church and died within a few minutes. Medical Examiner Frederick R. Barnes pronounced death due to natural causes.

JOIN THE I. W. W. AND HELP ABOLISH THE BUCKLE!

BIGGER AND BETTER ENTERTAINMENT AND DANCE EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT

1618 West Madison St. Chicago, Ill.

Drama By Well Known Artists

Music furnished by KIVIS MERRY MELODIANS

Everybody Welcome Admission Free. Refreshments Served.

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DEATH'S PRICE PAID BY SLAVES OF 'EFFICIENCY'

One Week's Callings From Boston Papers Reveals the Effects Upon Workers of Machine Prosperity in Starvation and Suicide.

STARVING MAN COLLAPSES AFTER 400 ML TRAMP

Boston Globe

LAWRENCE, June 24.—Suffering from what a physician termed starvation and privation, George Swibel, 27, Wilkes Barre, Penn., collapsed on the police station floor today from exhaustion.

He told the police he had traveled 400 miles without food in search of employment. Swibel was taken to the Municipal Hospital. He said he was on his way to Portland, Me., when exhaustion overtook him.

GETS JOB AND DROPS DEAD FROM STARVATION

Boston Post

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 20.—It was the first time in nine months that Clarence B. Castle, married and the father of three children, had found work.

Just when he was getting on a job of pushing a wheelbarrow for a construction company, Castle dropped dead. The coroner's verdict said, "death by gradual starvation."

JOBLESS MAN HANGS HIMSELF FROM A TREE

Boston Post

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